# SAFETY DATA SHEET





## **Section 1. Identification**

Product identifier : Moto Chill Racing Coolant

Product code : 301714150160

Other means of : Not available.
identification

Product type : Liquid.

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
<b>⊘</b> onsumer products: Additive	
Uses advised against	Reason

Supplier's details : Calumet Branded Products, LLC

2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Drive Suite 200

Indianapolis, IN 46214

USA

Technical Services:317-328-5660

24hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 /

International 1-703-527-3887

: 24 hr. CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 / International 1-703-527-3887

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

## **GHS label elements**

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Øbtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions

have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor.

Response: F exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin

irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Store locked up.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

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Moto Chill Racing Coolant

# Section 2. Hazard identification

Supplemental label elements

: Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 2.5%

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of identification : Mixture: Not available.

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number
propane-1,2-diol	1,2-Propanediol; 1,2-Propylene glycol; PROPYLENE GLYCOL; Propane-1,2 diol; α-propylene glycol; propylene glycol; E 1520; 1,2-dihydroxypropane; METHYLETHYLENE GLYCOL; ALPHA-PROPYLENE GLYCOL; ISOPROPYLENE GLYCOL; 2-Hydroxypropanol; Methylethyl glycol	≥30 - ≤60	57-55-6
Boric acid (HBO2), sodium salt, tetrahydrate	Sodium metaborate, tetrahydrate; Sodium metaborate tetrahydrate; Sodium metaborate; Sodium dioxoborate tetrahydrate	≥1 - ≤5	10555-76-7
sodium benzothiazol-2-yl sulphide	2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, sodium salt (1:1); 2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione, sodium salt; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole, sodium salt; Sodium 2-mercaptobenzothiazole; sodium 1,3-benzothiazole-2-thiolate; sodium mercaptobenzothiazole; sodium benzothiazol-2-yl sulfide; 2-Benzothiazolethiol, sodium salt; 2-Mercaptobenzothiazolium salt(Na, Co); 2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione sodium salt (1:1); 2(3H)-Benzothiazolethione sodium salt	≥0.1 - ≤1	2492-26-4
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5- triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol; 1,3,5-tris (2-hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine; 1,3,5-Triazine-1,3,5 (2H,4H,6H)-triethanol; Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris(hydroxyethyl)triazine; 1,3,5-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-1,3,5-triazinane; s-Triazine-1,3,5(2H,4H,6H)-triethanol; 2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5- triyl)triethanol; HHT; 1,3,5-tri-(2-hydroxyethyl)-hexahydro-s-triazyne; triazinetriethanol; N, N',N"-Tris(β-hydroxyethyl)hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine	≥0.1 - ≤1	4719-04-4

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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## Section 4. First-aid measures

## **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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## Section 4. First-aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: Do not use water jet.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	Exposure limits	
propane-1,2-diol	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Aerosol only. TWA: 155 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour fraction. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapour fraction.		

#### **Biological exposure indices**

None known.

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

## **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## <u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Blue.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

: Closed cup: >93.33°C (>200°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability : Not available.
Lower and upper explosion : Not available.
limit/flammability limit

Vapor pressure

Flash point

	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapo	r pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
water	23.8	3.2				

**Relative vapor density** : Not available.

Relative density : 1.059

Solubility(ies) : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Mot applicable.

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Auto-ignition temperature : Ingredient name °C °F Method

**pr**opane-1,2-diol 371 699.8

Decomposition temperature: Not available.Viscosity: Not available.Flow time (ISO 2431): Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
sodium benzothiazol-2-yl sulphide	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5200 mg/kg	-
2,2',2"-(hexahydro- 1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl) triethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	763 mg/kg	-

## **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	<b>Species</b>	Score	Exposure	Observation
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hours	-
				500 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hours 30	-
				%	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hours 30	-
				% C	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 104	-
				mg I	

## **Sensitization**

Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
propane-1,2-diol	20000	20800	N/A	N/A	N/A
sodium benzothiazol-2-yl sulphide	5200	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	763	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >110 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1020000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
sodium benzothiazol-2-yl sulphide	Acute EC50 2.9 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
·	Acute LC50 0.73 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2,2',2"-(hexahydro- 1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl) triethanol	Acute EC50 26.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 39 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propane-1,2-diol sodium benzothiazol-2-yl sulphide	-1.07 -0.48	- <8	low low
2,2',2"-(hexahydro- 1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl) triethanol	-2	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI** : None of the components are listed. **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

**Inventory list** 

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union** : Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** All components are listed or exempted.

Republic of Korea Not determined.

**Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : Not determined. Not determined. **Turkey** 

**United States** : All components are active or exempted. **Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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revision

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## Section 16. Other information

#### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
KIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

<sup>▼</sup> Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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